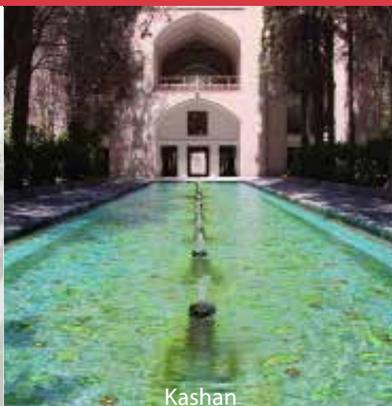


1 Days

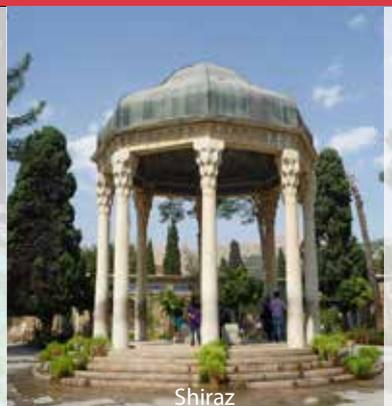
MIX Package Tehran



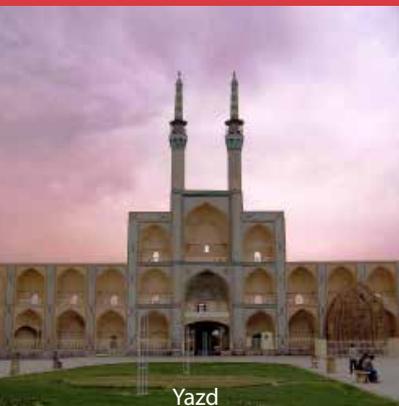
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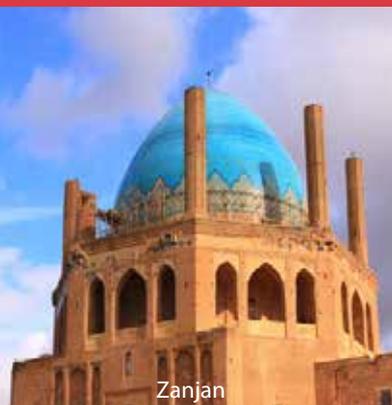
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Shiraz



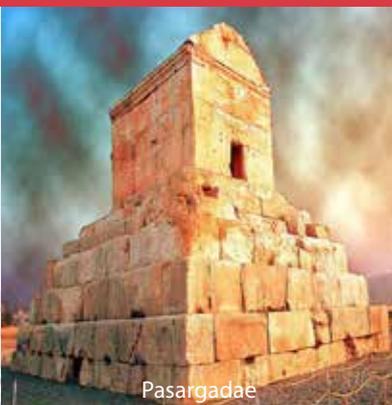
Yazd



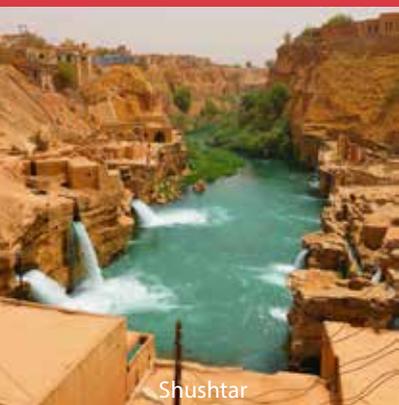
Zanjan



Tehran



Pasargadae

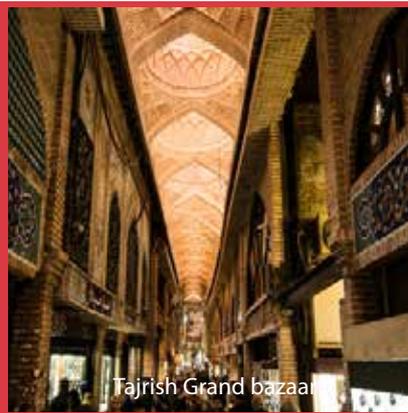


Shushtar

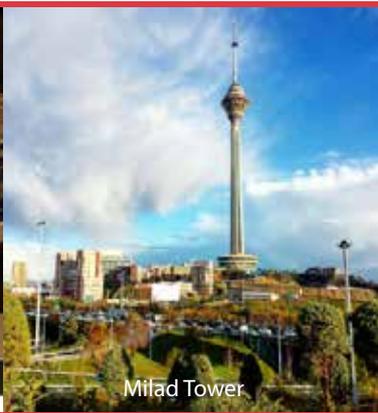
Day 1



City & Vehicle	Itinerary	Meal
<p>Tehran</p> <p>2017 - 2018</p>	<p>After breakfast start Tehran city tour and first of all visit Abgine Museum (Glass & Ceramic) that is include 4 halls of ceramic and ancient dishes have been gathered from whole around of Iran and walking in 30 Tir street (One of the oldest street in Tehran and will find this chance to visit ambulant coffee shops and restaurants that prepared specially for tourists)</p> <p>We are in south of Tehran and most of historical attraction are collected in this district with few distances with each other so let you visit these sites by walking and enjoy historical buildings beside the street.</p> <p>After visiting National museum of Iran, we'll drive to Golestan palace and its let you to deliberate in Qajari architecture.</p> <p>In the afternoon drive to visit new face of Tehran in the field of modernity, (Mild tower) and visit the highest tower of Iran (It is a multi-functional complex in telecommunication areas, business centers, restaurants, catering services, convention centers, tourism and recreation services.)</p> <p>In the evening drive to the north of Tehran to Tajrish square (One of the oldest district in Tehran) and visit its glorious bazar and enjoying your free time in this colorful bazar and Saleh holy shrine.</p> <p>At night will be back to the hotel</p>	<p>FB</p>



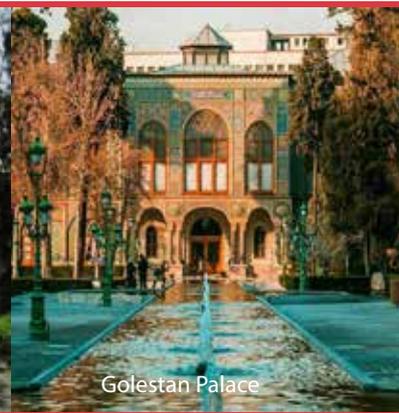
Tajrish Grand bazaar



Milad Tower



Abgineh Museum



Golestan Palace



Damavand Mountain

Tehran History

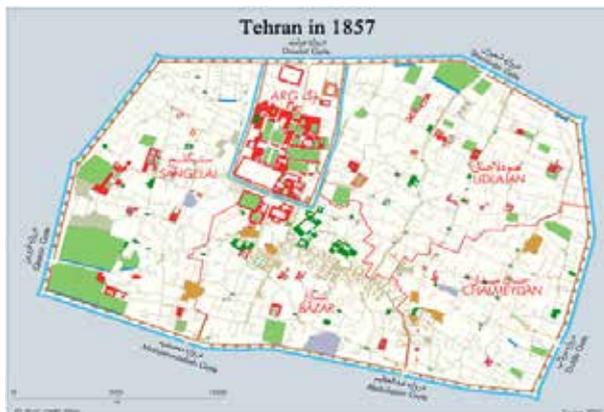
The first mention of Tehran has been made in a work by the Greek Theodosius, who has mentioned Tehran as a suburb of Rey about 2000 years B.C. Existence of the renowned Silk Road through this city, presence of permanent rivers like Halileh Roud, Jajroud, and Karaj which reach the plateau of Rey as well as major alluvial regions created by the said rivers in addition to suitable climatic conditions have kept the region alive throughout the history and have helped the city survive through centuries close to its main origin, which is currently known as Tehran.

The ancient city of Rey dates back to about 6,000 years ago. This claim has been proved by Dr. Eric Schmidt who was heading an American archeological delegation. He explored a region near Rey, which is known as Cheshmeh Ali, and recovered pottery and painted dishes whose antiquity has been estimated at about 6,000 years after frequent scientific tests. At present, the report prepared by Dr. Schmidt is kept on the bulletin of University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. Rey, as a name, has been registered in ancient tests such as Avesta, Torah, and Greek and Latin books as Rega, Ragha, and Rages. It has been called Raga and Regai under Median and Achaemenid rule. This city has been called Europos under Seleucids and Arsakia under Sassanid rule. Arabs have registered its name as al-Rey.

In the middle of the 8th century AH, Rey was part of the Median territory and it was part of the Achaemenid rule in the 6th century AH. Its name has been registered as Raga on Bistoon inscription. Under the rule of Sassanid kings, Mehran was governing Rey and the city enjoyed a special spiritual position under Sassanid kings when it included a burning fire temple.

What can be gathered from written works of historians and geographers about Rey is that many of them have attributed establishment of the city to Sheith, the son of Adam. Some have noted that legendary kings like Houshang of Pishdadi dynasty, the son of Kioumars, has built it and some have attributed it to Ruy or Razi, who was a son of Noah. But, most stories have noted that the city was first built by Houshang, the first Iranian king, in 4000 B.C.

After many historical ups and downs, Rey was demolished by Moguls in 617 AH. Although it was relatively prosperous under Mogul Ilkhans, but Klavikhu, who passed through the city in 806 AH, has described it deserted. Although the city became prosperous again under the Safavi rule, it never achieved its past status.



Proposal Prices

No. Of Pax	(10 + 1)	SGL.SUPP
	1,790 €	425 €
Vehicle	 Middle Bus	

Services Include:

- Professional English Speaking Guide for whole of the trip
- All excursion & transfers by modern coach with experienced driver
- Meal : FB (1 Breakfast + 1 Lunch + 1 Dinner)
- Refreshment between way(mineral water, tea or coffee)
- Entrances fee according to itinerary

Services Exclude:

- International flights
- Consular visa charge
- Tips to the drivers & Iranian Guide
- Airport departure taxes outside Iran if applicable.
- Excess baggage charges.
- Items of a personal nature such as laundry, telephone, etc.

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